Performance Data Sheet



Multipure Drinking Water Systems have been tested and certified under NSF/ANSI Standard No. 53 as shown below. The concentration of the indicated substances in water entering the system was reduced to a concentration less than or equal to the permissible limit for water leaving the system, as specified in **NSF/ANSI 53 HEALTH EFFECTS**



For Model Nos: CB-As-SB; CB-As-SC; CB-As-SI; CB-As-SB-PID

	Percent Reduction**	Influent challenge	Maximum permissible product
Substance		concentration	water concentration
ALACHLOR*	>98%	0.05	0.001
ARSENIC (pentavalent As (V); As (+5); arsenate @ 6.5 pH	>99.9%	0.050 +/- 10%	0.010
ARSENIC (pentavalent As (V); As (+5); arsenate @ 8.5 pH	>95.8%	0.050 +/- 10%	0.010
		10 ⁷ to 10 ⁸ fibers/L; fibers	
	>99.9%	greater than 10 micrometers in	99% reduction
ASBESTOS		length	requirement
ATRAZINE*	>97%	0.1	0.003
BENZENE*	>99%	0.081	0.001
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE (TTHM)*	>99.8%	0.3	0.015
BROMOFORM (TTHM)*	>99.8%	0.3	0.015
CARBOFURAN (Furadan)*	>99%	0.19	0.001
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE*	98%	0.078	0.0018
CHLORDANE	>99.5%	0.04 +/-10%	0.002
CHLOROBENZENE (Monochlorobenzene)*	>99%	0.077	0.001
CHLOROPICRIN*	99%	0.015	0.0002
CHLOROFORM (TTHM)* (surrogate chemical)	>99.8%	0.45 +/- 20%	0.080
Cryptosporidium (CYST)	>99.99%	minimum 50,000/L	99.95%
CYST (Giardia; Cryptosporidium; Entamoeba;	>99.99%		
Toxoplasma)		minimum 50,000/L	99.95%
2, 4-D*	98%	0.11	0.00017
DBCP (see Dibromochloropropane)*	>99%	0.052	0.00002
1,2-DCA (see 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE)*	95%	0.088	0.0048
1,1-DCE (see 1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE)*	>99%	0.083	0.001
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE (TTHM;	>99.8%		
Chlorodibromomethane)*		0.300	0.015
DIBROMOCHLOROPROPANE (DBCP)*	>99%	0.052	0.00002
o-DICHLOROBENZENE (1,2 Dichlorobenzene)*	>99%	0.08	0.001
p-DICHLOROBENZENE (para-Dichlorobenzene)*	>98%	0.04	0.001
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE (1,2-DCA)*	95%	0.088	0.0048
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE (1,1-DCE)*	>99%	0.083	0.001
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE*	>99%	0.17	0.0005
TRANS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE*	>99%	0.086	0.001
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE (Propylene Dichloride)*	>99%	0.08	0.001
CIS-1,3- DICHLOROPROPYLENE*	>99%	0.079	0.001
DINOSEB*	99%	0.17	0.0002
EDB (see ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE)*	>99%	0.044	0.00002
ENDRIN*	99%	0.053	0.00059
Entamoeba (see CYSTS)	99.99%	minimum 50,000/L	99.95%
ETHYLBENZENE*	>99%	0.088	0.001
ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE (EDB)*	>99%	0.044	0.00002
Furadan (see CARBOFURAN)*	>99%	0.19	0.001
Giardia Lamblia (see CYST)	>99.99%	minimum 50,000/L	99.95%

		Influent challenge concentration	Maximum permissible product water concentration
Substance	Percent Reduction**	(mg/L unless specified)	(mg/L unless specified)
HALOACETONITRILES (HAN)*			
BROMOCHLOROACETONITRILE	98%	0.022	0.0005
DIBROMOACETONITRILE	98%	0.024	0.0006
DICHLOROACETONITRILE	98%	0.0096	0.0002
TRICHLOROACETONITRILE	98%	0.015	0.0003
HALOKETONES (HK):*			
1,1-DICHLORO-2-PROPANONE	99%	0.0072	0.0001
1,1,1-TRICHLORO-2-PROPANONE	96%	0.0082	0.0003
HEPTACHLOR*	>99%	0.25	0.00001
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE*	98%	0.0107	0.0002
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE (Perchlorobutadiene)*	>98%	0.044	0.001
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE*	>99%	0.060	0.000002
LEAD (pH 6.5)	>99.3%	0.15 +/- 10%	0.010
LEAD (pH 8.5)	>99.3%	0.15 +/- 10%	0.010
LINDANE*	>99%	0.055	0.00001
MERCURY (pH 6.5)	>99%	0.006 +/- 10%	0.002
MERCURY (pH 8.5)	>99%	0.006 +/- 10%	0.002
METHOXYCHLOR*	>99%	0.050	0.0001
Methylbenzene (see TOLUENE)*	>99%	0.078	0.001
Monochlorobenzene (see CHLOROBENZENE)*	>99%	0.077	0.001
MTBE (methyl tert-butyl ether)	>96.6%	0.015 +/- 20%	0.005
POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS (PCBs, Aroclor 1260)	>99.9%	0.01 +/- 10%	0.0005
PCE (see TETRACHLOROETHYLENE)*	>99%	0.081	0.001
PENTACHLOROPHENOL*	>99%	0.096	0.001
Perchlorobutadiene (see HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE)*	>98%	0.044	0.001
Propylene Dichloride (see 1,2 -DICHLOROPROPANE)*	>99%	0.080	0.001
SIMAZINE*	>97%	0.120	0.004
Silvex (see 2,4,5-TP)*	99%	0.270	0.0016
STYRENE (Vinylbenzene)*	>99%	0.15	0.0005
1,1,1-TCA (see 1,1,1 - TRICHLOROETHANE)*	95%	0.084	0.0046
TCE (see TRICHLOROETHYLENE)*	>99%	0.180	0.0010
1,1,2,2- TETRACHLOROETHANE*	>99%	0.081	0.001
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE*	>99%	0.081	0.001
TOLUENE (Methylbenzene)*	>99%	0.078	0.001
TOXAPHENE	>92.9%	0.015 +/- 10%	0.003
Toxoplasma (see CYSTS)	99.95%	minimum 50,000/mL	99.95%
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)*	99%	0.270	0.0016
TRIBROMOACETIC ACID*	98%	0.042	0.001
1,2,4 TRICHLOROBENZENE (Unsymtrichlorobenzene)*	>99%	0.160	0.0005
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE (1,1,1-TCA)*	95%	0.084	0.0046
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE*	>99%	0.150	0.0048
TRICHLOROETHYLENE (TCE)*	>99%	0.180	0.0005
TRIHALOMETHANES (TTHM) (Chloroform; Bromoform; Bromodichloromethane; Dibromochloromethane)	>99.8%	0.300 +/- 0.30	0.015
TURBIDITY	>99%	11 +/- 1 NTU	0.5 NTU
Unsym-Trichlorobenzene (see 1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE)*		0.160	0.0005
Vinylbenzene (see STYRENE)*	>99%	0.150	0.0005
XYLENES (TOTAL)*	>99%	0.070	0.001

Note: This addresses the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Primary and Secondary Drinking Water Regulations in effect at its time of publication, as they related to Multipure's performance in conformance to the industry performance criteria. These regulations are continually being updated at the Federal level. Accordingly, this list of MCLs will be reviewed and amended when appropriate. Please see sales brochure for list of product certifications.

NSF/ANSI 42 Aesthetic Effects

The systems have been tested according to NSF/ANSI Standard No. 42 for the reduction of the following substances. The concentration of the indicated substances in water entering the system was reduced to a concentration less than or equal to the permissible limit for water leaving the system.

Substance	Percent Reduction**	Influent challenge concentration	Maximum permissible product water concentration
CHLORAMINE as Aesthetic Effect (As Monochloramine)	>98.3%	3.0 mg/L +/- 10%	0.5 mg/L
CHLORINE as Aesthetic Effect	99%	2.0 Mg/L +/- 10%	> or = 75%*
PARTICULATE, (Nominal Particulate Reduction, Class I, Particles 0.5 TO <1 UM	Class I > 99%	At Least 10,000 particles/mL	> or = 85%*

FOOTNOTES:

- 1. Multipure Drinking Water Systems have been certified, as indicated, by NSF International for compliance to NSF/ANSI Standard Nos. 42 and 53.
- 2. The Multipure Drinking Water Systems have been certified by the State of California Department of Public Health for the reduction of specific contaminants listed herein.
- 3. **Chloroform was used as a surrogate for claims of reduction of VOCs. Multipure Systems tested at >99.8% actual reduction of Chloroform. Percent reduction shown herein reflects the allowable claims for VOCs as per tables in the Standard.
- 4. Do not use with water that is microbiologically unsafe or with water of unknown quality without adequate disinfection before or after the unit. Systems certified for cyst reduction may be used on disinfected waters that may contain filterable cysts.
- 5. Filter life will vary in proportion to the amount of water used and the level of impurities in the water being processed. For optimum performance and to maintain your warranty, it is essential that the filter be replaced when the first of the following occurs:

 a) annually; (b) when the unit's rated capacity is reached; (c) the flow rate diminishes; (d) the filter becomes saturated with bad tastes and odors.
- 6. Model No. CB-As-SB-PID, include a capacity monitor that automatically flashes a yellow light when it is time to replace your filter.
- 7. Multipure Drinking Water System housings are warranted for a lifetime; all exterior hoses and attachments to the System are warranted for one year. Please see the Owner's Manual for complete product guarantee and warranty information.
- 8. Please see the Owner's Manual for installation instructions and operating procedures.
- 9. In compliance with New York law, it is recommended that before purchasing a water treatment system, NY residents have their water supply tested to determine their actual water treatment needs. Please compare the capabilities of the Multipure unit with your actual water treatment needs.
- 10. While testing was performed under standard laboratory conditions, actual performance may vary.
- 11. The list of substances which the treatment device reduces does not necessarily mean that these substances are present in your tap water.

Operational Specifications

	CB-As-SX series
Replacement Filter Type	CBTAs
Approximate Filter Capacity	600 gallons/960 gallons*
Approximate Flow Rate @ 60 psi	1.0 gpm
Maximum Working Pressure	100 psi/ 7.0 kg/cm ²
Minimum Working Pressure	30 psi/ 2.1 kg/cm ²
Maximum Operating Temperature	100°F/38°C for cold water use only
Minimum Operating Temperature	32°F/0°C
* with end-of-life indicator (PID)	



CB-As-SB

Facts About Arsenic (in compliance with NSF Standard 53)

Arsenic (abbreviated As) is a naturally occurring contaminant found in many ground waters. Arsenic in water has no color, taste or odor. It must be measured by a lab test. Public water utilities must have their water tested for arsenic. You can get the results from your water utility. If you have your own well, you can have the water tested. The local health department or the state environmental health agency can provide a list of certified labs. The cost is typically \$15 to \$30. Information about arsenic in water can be found on the Internet at the US Environmental Protection Agency website: www.epa.gov/safe-water/arsenic.html.

There are two forms of arsenic: pentavalent arsenic (also called As(V), As(+5), and arsenate) and trivalent arsenic (also called As(III), As(+3), and arsenite). In well water, arsenic may be pentavalent, trivalent, or a combination of both. Special sampling procedures are needed for a lab to determine what type and how much of each type of arsenic is in the water. Check with the labs in your area to see if they can provide this type of service.

Specially formulated Carbon Block systems are very effective at removing pentavalent arsenic. A free chlorine residual will rapidly convert trivalent arsenic to pentavalent arsenic. Other water treatment chemicals such as ozone and potassium permanganate will also change trivalent arsenic to pentavalent arsenic. A combined chlorine residual (also called chloramine) may not convert all the trivalent arsenic. If you get your water from a public water utility, contact the utility to find out if free chlorine or combined chlorine is used in the water system.

The Multipure CB-As Models are designed to remove only pentavalent arsenic. It will not convert trivalent arsenic to pentavalent arsenic. The system may remove some trivalent arsenic, however, it has not been evaluated for its ability to remove trivalent arsenic. The system was tested in a laboratory to remove pentavalent arsenic. Under lab conditions, as defined in ANSI/NSF Standard 53, the system reduced 0.050 mg/L (ppm) pentavalent arsenic to 0.010 mg/L (ppm) (the USEPA standard for drinking water) or less. The performance of the system may be different at your installation. Have the treated water tested for arsenic to check if the system is working properly.

The Carbon Block filter component of the Multipure CB-As system must be replaced as indicated in the Owner's Manual to ensure the system will continue to remove arsenic and other contaminants. The component identification and locations where you can purchase the component are listed in the installation/operation manual.

California Department of Public Health Certification / Registration

State of California
Department of Health Services
Water Treatment Device
Certificate Number
03-1571

Date Issued: June 11, 2003 Date Revised: February 9, 2004

Trademark/Ivlodel Designation	Peplacement Bements	Capacity
Multi-Rue Plus, Plus As-SB	MPFTAs	600 gal
Multi-Rue Plus, Plus As-SC	MPFTAs	600 gal
Multi-Pue Plus, Plus As-SI	MPFTAs	600 gal
Multi-Pue Plus, Plus As-SB-PID	MPFTAs	960 gal
Multi-Rue Plus, Plus As-SC-PID	MPPTAs	960 gal
Multi-Rue CB-As-SB	CBTAs	600 gal
Multi-Pue CB-As-SC	CBTAs	600 gal
Multi-Prue CB-As-SI	CBTAs	600 gal
Multi-Rue CB-As-SB-FID	CBTAs	960 gal
Multi-Rue CB-As-SC-FID	CBTAs	960 gal
Vlanufacturer: Multi-Prue Drinking Water Sys	tem	

The water treatment device(s) listed on this certificate have met the testing requirements pursuant to Section 116830 of the Health and Safety Code for the following health related contaminants:

Microbiological Contaminants and Turbicity Inorganic/Badiological Contaminants
Cysts Assenb V (50 ppb)
Absence
Led
Mercury
Mercury

Organic Contaminants
Chlorkane
FCB
Toxoshene

Tomphene MTBE VOCs Alachlor Bromodich

Alachier Attraine
Enconcitichionomethane | Enconcotani
Cuben Teturchionide Chikurchenzene
2.4-D De Dichlorochane | DECF
co Dichlorochane | DECF
co Dichlorochane | DECF
co Dichlorochane | DECF
co Dichlorochane | DECF
ElbyBenzene | DECF
ElbyBenzene | EDB
ElbyBenzene | EDB
ElbyBenzene | Herachionomychice | Herachionomychice | Herachionomychice | Syrene | Auf-5-TE (Silver) | August | August | Herachionomychica | August | Augus

Benzene
Curbodium
Chlosofoun'
Chlosofoun'
Chlosofoun'
1,1-Dichlosofhune
1,1-Dichloso

Rated Service How: 1.0 gpm

Do not use where water is microtiologically unsafe or with water of unknown quality, except that systems certified forcest reduction may be used on disinfected waters that may contain filterable costs.



Multipure Drinking Water Systems

7251 Cathedral Rock Drive Las Vegas, NV 89128 866.622.9373 BR170CB-As www.multipureplus.com info@multipureplus.com